

MARIETTA DAILY LAEDER

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TUESDAY, SEPT. 29, 1896

For President,
 WILLIAM MCKINLEY,
 Of the United States.
 For Vice-President,
 GARRETT A. HOBART,
 Of New Jersey.
 Republican State Ticket.
 For Secretary of State,
 CHARLES KINNEY, of Scioto Co.
 or Judge of the Supreme Court,
 MARSHALL J. WILLIAMS, of Fayette Co.
 For Food and Dairy Commissioner,
 JOSEPH E. BLANCHARD, of Belmont Co.
 For Member Board of Public Works,
 FRANK A. HUFFMAN, of Van Wert Co.
 For Circuit Judge,
 HIRAM L. SIBLEY, of Washington Co.
 For Common Pleas Judge,
 JOSEPH M. WOOD, of Athens Co.
 Congressional Ticket.
 For Congress, 15th District,
 H. C. VAN VOORHIS, of Muskingum Co.
 county Ticket.
 For Probate Judge,
 D. R. ROOD, of Belpre.
 For Sheriff,
 JOHN S. MCCALLISTER, Fourth Ward.
 For Auditor,
 W. A. PATTERSON, of Waterford.
 For Recorder,
 JOHN W. ATHEY, Marietta Townships.
 For Commissioner,
 JOHN RANDOLPH, of Marietta Township.
 For Infirmary Director,
 WM. SCHNAUFFER, Newport Township.

The Republican Party stands for honest money and the chance to earn it by honest toil.
 WILLIAM MCKINLEY.

GEORGE B. COX places McKinley's plurality in Ohio at 100,000 and in Hamilton county at 25,000. What Cox says about Ohio politics generally goes.

The Bryan meeting at Parkersburg October 1st is being extensively advertised and a big crowd of people will no doubt be in attendance to see the greatest living curiosity.

This is Garfield week in Washington county and the brilliant young statesman will be well received. He gives flattering promise of proving well worthy the honored name he bears.

MR. BRYAN made a mistake when he tried to raise the shade of Henry Ward Beecher to strengthen his free-silver plea in Brooklyn. As usual, his smartness was greater than his knowledge. He was ignorant that Mr. Beecher had thundered against scaling down debts by paying in cheap money, and said: "No act of Congress can ever make one pound equal to two pounds. No act of Congress can ever make a thing inferior equal to a superior. Silver coin must be made proportionate to the value of gold, as determined in the open markets of the world! All paper currency must be convertible into gold. Any other course is to teach men to cheat by law." Had the Boy known better he wouldn't have done it.—N. Y. Tribune.

It is too early to make any predictions with regard to the result of the political campaign, but several things have become much clearer during the past few weeks. It has become, in the first place, very doubtful whether the free-coinage movement has secured any large support among the farming and working people of the East. The Republican majority in Vermont might have been explained on the ground of the general conservatism of that State, but the equally phenomenal majority in Maine cannot be explained on any such ground. Maine, unlike Vermont, has passed through different phases of opinion on the currency question. The greenback movement gained very serious hold there, and it is one of the Eastern States in which the free-silver movement might have been expected to gain many adherents. On the contrary, however, Maine has cast the heaviest vote in her history in favor of the Republican ticket. It has become clear, in the second place, that this is not a sectional fight, as a good many free-silver men have very unwisely attempted to make the country believe. The issue will not be decided by the East, but by the Central West. If the free-coinage movement is defeated, as we believe it will be, it will be because the Central West—that is to say, Indiana, Illinois, Ohio, and Iowa—refuses to support the Chicago platform and the Chicago nominees. The real battleground is not in the East, but in these great Western States. They are to be the arbiters of the question, and if free coinage is beaten it will be beaten by a Western and not by an Eastern vote. It is fortunate, from this point of view, that the three Presidential candidates are all Western men, and that no party can any longer consistently claim to represent either Eastern or Western sentiment exclusively.—The Outlook.

If you want a nobby overcoat see the Marietta Tailoring House, 220 Front street.

THE WORKINGMAN'S DOLLAR.

A Letter From Andrew Carnegie on That Subject.
 (From the American Manufacturer and Iron World.)

In reply to your request that I should say a few words to workmen upon the silver question, permit me to state that the question, as far as concerns workmen and all others receiving salaries, lies in a nutshell.

First. To-day they are paid in dollars as good as gold, worth 100 cents everywhere. These gold dollars, being worth nearly two silver dollars of the silver standard countries, buy two dollars' worth of the tea, coffee, etc., used by workmen. This is the reason that these articles are now so cheap in gold.

Secondly. The present dollars paid workmen, being gold dollars, buy a full gold dollar's worth of any article in all countries which are gold standard countries.

Therefore, if American workmen are paid in silver, the cost of everything they use from silver-bearing countries will be nearly double. This includes tea, coffee, sugar, spices, etc.

Thirdly. The cost of articles purchased by his gold dollars from gold-mining countries will also be doubled, as the silver dollar containing about 53 cents' worth of silver, will be taken by the gold-using countries only as its value in silver. Today our dollars are taken at 100 cents. The Mexican dollar buys in Brazil 53 cents' worth of coffee; it buys in London 53 cents' worth of anything; but the American dollar today buys 100 cents' worth of coffee in Brazil and 100 cents' worth of anything in London. No silver advocate can dispute these facts.

If free silver coinage comes, which Mr. Bryan desires, the wages of the workingman will be thus nearly cut in half. The question he has to consider is: Will wages under silver nearly double? If not, he is a loser by silver.

I answer, No! Here is the fact upon that subject: Wages in silver-using countries have not advanced as the value of silver has fallen. The workmen in Mexico, Brazil, China, Japan and India get just the same amount of silver, which is now worth 53 cents on the dollar, as they did when silver was worth 100 cents on the dollar. These wages range from 10 to 20 cents per day in silver dollars worth only about one half the American gold dollars.

Now, the workingman who desires his revenue to be reduced nearly one-half should vote for Mr. Bryan; the workingman who does not wish this will make a great mistake if he votes so.

It may be asked why employers are not in favor of debased money, when they could pay their workmen in it and thus save about one-half the cost of labor. The reason is that employers know only too well that debased money has always resulted in disaster to business. It shakes confidence, and business is based upon confidence. Employers are never prosperous unless the workmen are prosperous. It is when labor commands the highest wages that profits are highest. When labor can be obtained at very low rates, because many men are idle, the employer makes no profit. He always loses.

I should like workmen to look around and consider the situation. We read of millions of spindles standing idle in the textile factories, of the iron mines closed around Lake Superior, of the furnaces blown out and almost every manufacturing concern in the country running with reduced forces. There is only one reason for this paralysis in business, and that is the threat of reckless, ignorant men to lower the standard of money.

The day that the republic decisively declares that its standard of value will remain what it has been for so many years—gold—will see the return of genuine prosperity. Until that day comes we have nothing to look for but such depression as now prevails, and even worse.

The question is to be decided by the workmen and those who receive salaries. If they vote for gold, they vote for prosperity; if they vote for silver, they will have themselves to blame for reducing the value of wages and for the hard times certain to follow.

This is a question above party, and in this contest I am neither Republican nor Democrat, but I shall vote and work for the maintenance of our gold standard as a patriotic duty. Labor in the republic shall never be reduced to the level of China and Japan by any vote of mine.

ANDREW CARNEGIE.

BRYAN AND WEAVER.

It is asserted that the former voted for the latter in 1892.

The statement that W. J. Bryan, in a speech at this place on March 17, 1896, declared that he was not a Democrat has been given some circulation in the newspapers. It has never been denied, but many have doubted it, because no proof has ever been offered. The following affidavit is from a well known citizen of this place, a retired farmer, and thoroughly reliable:

"I hereby certify that I heard Hon. W. J. Bryan's speech here on March 17, last, and that he used the following language: 'I am neither a Democrat, Populist nor Republican, and in answer to a question stated that he voted for Weaver, and also that the change to free silver would produce a panic at least for a time.'

"H. F. STEPHENSON.
 "Subscribed and sworn to before me this 25th day of August, 1896."
 "H. C. HUGHES, Notary Public."

MOUNT VERNON, Ill., Aug. 31.

To the editor of the Courier-Journal.

Having received numerous inquiries from various parts of the south as to whether I made the affidavit published in a recent issue of your paper concerning certain statements made by Mr. Bryan in a speech made in this city last March, and not being able to answer each inquiry with a personal letter, I desire to avail myself of your columns to say that I made the affidavit willingly and without prejudice, and the truth of the statements therein charged can be verified by scores of our citizens.

H. F. STEPHENSON.
 —Louisville Courier-Journal (Dem.).

Bargain Day.

"Dearest,"
 He then stopped reading his paper long enough to ask what his wife might want.

"When they mark the dollar down to 53 cents will it be every day, or only on Fridays?"—Indianapolis Journal.

Oil Notes.

IN PLEASANT COUNTY.

Two new wells have been drilled in the Broad Run field since our last. Franchot No. 3 on the Mattie Wells lease was drilled in on Sunday, and is making 25 barrels per day.

Boyd Bros. have drilled in a well on the C. C. Schauwecker lease, which is showing up for one of the best wells in the field. Some put it as high as 100 barrels per day.

Haskell & Ballard have been fishing for a lost bit in their Cornell No. 5, but it had not been recovered at last reports. This well should have been in the first of the week.

On the Long Run side of the pike Boyd Bros. have located No. 6 on the Schauwecker lease.

The Great Kanawha Co. & Fink have a rig up for No. 7 on Schauwecker, and the timbers on the ground for No. 8.

Groff & Company are cleaning out the Cotton well preparatory to putting in a heavy shot, with the hope of making it a good producer.

Patton's Cook No. 2 is making 20 barrels per day, and it is thought it will be much better when it is put up in good shape.—[St. Marys Oracle.]

IN TYLER COUNTY.

The Mayfield well near Conaway is reported as making 150 barrels. It seems to cause very little excitement for such an important strike. All or most of the land near it is leased and this may be a reason for the lack of interest shown. The South Penn is as usual trying to gobble up the territory.

Operations in the Wick field are very active. The Fisher company has made locations for Nos. 3, 4 and 5, J. Barker, and the Carter Oil Company has made locations for 4 and 5, J. Livingston; Nos. 2 and 3, Harman-Livingston, and No. 1, G. T. Livingston.

Some time ago the Kanawha Oil Co. got a good well in the Indian creek territory that is rank wildcat, which has been doing more than 100 barrels a day, or at least that is the report among the operators. The matter has been kept quiet for the reason that the company wanted to get hold of all the territory they could before it became generally known that a good well had been found.—[Star.]

The strike of E. Clark, Jr. & Co., at Cairo, which caused such a flurry of excitement among oil men Saturday, was not heeded in this well, but was cased off and the drill will be sent on down to the Big Injun, which is the sand for which they were drilling. When the well is completed a second well will be put down within a few feet of the first hole to tap the shallow sand in which the gusher was struck. In the meantime, it is probable that a number of other companies operating in the field will make a search for the shallow sand.—Journal.

CAIRO OIL NEWS.

Van Wormer & Co.'s well on the Young lot which was drilled in over a week ago is holding up to about 100 barrels daily.

Spudding was commenced by the Frank Oil Co. on the Scoville lot in Cairo Monday.

E. Clark, Jr. & Co. have commenced spudding on their Carrol No. 3 and have the rig completed for their No. 4.

Stewart & Kerr are making good progress in their well on Goose creek in Ritchie county. The first string of casing is in the well and the first sand will be reached about Wednesday.

The casing is to be pulled in the Mulligan well above Belpre and will be taken to Cairo where the company owning it will drill a well in a short time.

MACKESBURG.

Died, Saturday, Sept. 25, 1896, Fred Dutton, son of William Dutton. He was buried Sunday in the cemetery across the creek. Rev. Henry Willis conducted the services. He leaves a wife and three children, father, mother and several brothers.

Supt. F. P. Wheeler was at Cambridge last Saturday, attending a teachers' meeting.

Rev. D. S. Welch has been sent among us again, which is gratifying to all.

Mrs. Wm. Burton was called to West Union, W. Va., last week, on account of the serious illness of her son Nelson's wife.

The Epworth League gave an oyster and general supper in Kean's Hall, last Saturday night. The League intends to buy a parsonage.

Sam Cox is home from the Lima oil field, where he has been working for several months.

E. A. Waller and wife was at Caldwell last Saturday.

Several families have moved here lately. No houses to rent. If we had houses several more families would move here.

The Ideal Panacea.

James L. Francis, Alderman, Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an Ideal Panacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, to the exclusion of physician's prescriptions or other preparations."

Rev. John Burgess, Keokuk, Iowa, writes: "I have been a Minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church for 50 years or more, and have never found anything so beneficial, or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's New Discovery." Try this Ideal Cough Remedy now. Trial Bottles Free at W. H. Styer's Drug Store

DID IT HURT YOU?

A Question Often Out of Place and Unnecessary.

The old hymn in Sam Taylor's "Original Poems" beginning with "Who Ran to Help Me When I Fell?" ought to have a provisional clause added to it. The person who hastens to help a sufferer who has been shocked by a fall should not say a single word. Of course, says the Philadelphia Record, the benevolent bystander is brimful of questions: "Where are you hurt?" "Have you sprained your ankle?" and lastly the insane request to know whether you can fall down a flight of 20 steps or from a piazza ten feet above ground, and not be damaged any more than if you had thrown yourself on a down pillow, only a foot away! Of course you are hurt; and the nerve shock is so great that any sort of question, even if "they" shall fetch hot water, is an additional blow to the nervous system. You are suffering, perhaps, too much to speak; yet they pelt you with questions while every power of your body is endeavoring to regain self-control. You ought not to answer. You would like to scream that "it hurts" a hundred times more for being summoned to speak and to diagnose yourself. All instructions in the line of "First aid to the injured" should begin with: "Be perfectly silent when you run to lift or help a person who has fallen and is still partly dazed with the tremendous shock." Let it be for the sufferer to say: "Oh, my head!" or "Oh, my leg, or back!" He will indicate as soon as it is necessary the injured part; but meanwhile you are driving him nearly frantic by asking about it. These simple yet important directions do not seem to be impressed upon the average helpful mind. Tact, of all things, is as necessary as a knowledge of a tourniquet made from a stick and a pocket handkerchief. Hot water, of course, is required for all bruises and sprains; but let it be brought without asking. The relief to the victim of an accident in having swift and noiseless helpers about him or her—absolutely silent, yet knowing exactly what to do—is very great. Anyone who "has been there" knows it all. Yet how quickly it is forgotten when we run to lift up somebody else, and begin to pelt him with: "Where did it hurt you?" "Are you hurt?"

Republican Meetings.

Tuesday evening, E. R. Alderman, at Vincent.

Wednesday evening, Beverly, Jas. R. Garfield and R. C. Dawes.

Thursday afternoon, Oct. 1st, Layman, Jas. R. Garfield; evening, Barlow, Jas. R. Garfield.

Friday afternoon, Lower Salem, Jas. R. Garfield; evening, Marietta, at Auditorium, James R. Garfield. Friday evening, Belpre, T. H. Anderson.

Saturday afternoon, Centre Belpre, Jas. R. Garfield; evening, Newport Village, T. H. Anderson.

On Monday, October 5th, H. C. Van Voorhis will speak to the McKinley Club, at the Court House.

A Valuable Prescription.

Editor Morrison, of Worthington, Ind., "Sun," writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stehle, 2625 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a headache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Price 50 cents and \$1.00. Get a Bottle at W. H. Styer's Drug Store.

Marriage Licenses.

Thomas Gheen and Hattie Barnhart, both of Marietta.

Frost F. Flesher, of Williamstown, and Millie Raupp, of Marietta.

Daniel H. Beck, of Drill, and Mamie E. Long, of Newport.

Where did you get those "hot" trousers? At Marietta's Tailoring House, 220 Front street.

No need to fear the approach of croup if you have Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the house. Never was a case that it wouldn't cure if used at the outset.

"I have nothing in the store that sells so well or gives such general satisfaction as Dr. Fowler's Ext. of Wild Strawberry. I always recommend it in cases of summer complaint or bowel trouble of any kind." C. A. West, Rainsborough, O.

The secret of happiness, "Keep your liver right." Burdock Blood Bitters is nature's remedy for complaints of the liver or bowels.

All those creeping, crawling, stinging sensations that combine to make up the tortures of any itching disease of the skin are instantly relieved and permanently cured by Doan's Ointment. Take no substitute. Doan's never fails.



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We Offer You a Remedy Which Insures SAFETY TO LIFE OF Both Mother and Child.

"MOTHERS' FRIEND"

ROBS CONFINEMENT OF ITS PAIN, HORROR AND DANGER. Makes CHILD-BIRTH Easy. Endorsed and recommended by physicians, midwives and those who have used it. Beware of substitutes and imitations. Sent by express or mail, on receipt of price, \$1.00 per bottle. Book "TO MOTHERS" mailed free, containing voluntary testimonials.

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 THE OLD RELIABLE CASH CLOTHIERS.

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 LATEST STYLES, LOWEST PRICES

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 168 Front Street, - - - Marietta, Ohio

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SCHOOL BOOKS AND SUPPLIES We are still furnishing complete lines, including the copy and drawing books.

POUND PAPER, Quite a demand for it. We have demonstrated that we have the right qualities and prices.

SPECIAL PACKAGE, One pound paper and envelopes for 25 cents.

TYPE WRITERS, SEE THEM. The Elickensderfer is a first-class machine, doing best work, only \$35.00; and the Odell, a little prodigy, for which we have EXCLUSIVE sale, is specially adapted to the wants of teachers and clergymen, will manifold, price \$20.00.

153 Colonial Block, Front St.
 J. E. VANDERVOORT. C. E. GLINES.

Prepare for the Fruit Season!

Now is the time you will be wanting Fruit Jars, and we have them in abundance, at most reasonable prices. Call in early, so that when you are in the midst of putting up fruit your jars will be at hand.

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 \$10 to \$50.

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